Transformation to Law Enforcement Gambling Crimes in Indonesia

Christine Susanti
christine.susanti@uph.edu

Faculty of Law, Universitas Pelita Harapan, Lippo, Karawaci, Tangerang.

Article Info
Received: 22 - 8 - 2023
Revised: 23 - 11 - 2023
Accepted: final ready to publish for 2021 regular editions

Keywords:
Law enforcement and gambling.

Abstract
Gambling is nothing new, since a long time ago this crime has existed. Initially, gambling was done with conventional methods, but along with the development of technology, gambling has also experienced developments and now it has entered the digital space. The rise of online gambling has made the government declare Indonesia's condition of gambling emergency. Minister of Communication and Information (Menkominfo) Budi Arie even stated that he intends to fight gambling within a week. Gambling was originally a social problem, but later it has developed into a legal problem that demands comprehensive and continuous regulation and law enforcement. This research will discuss how law enforcement practices in Indonesia in eradicating gambling and how Indonesian law solves the problem comprehensively. The research method used is a normative research method or commonly called literature research by examining library materials or secondary data with a case approach. Several relevant legislation products will be used as legal bases in this research, such as the Criminal Code (KUHP) and Law Number 19 of 2016 concerning Electronic Information and Transactions. This research wants to provide input to the government in supporting the law enforcement process against gambling and also help increase the level of public legal awareness of gambling crimes both online and conventional.

I. Introduction

It is interesting when discussing law enforcement practices against gambling in Indonesia. Indonesian criminal law prohibits the practice of gambling, but from the past until now the practice still exists, even along with the development of technology gambling practices also follow suit. In other words, gambling developed from conventional gambling to online gambling (online gambling). Conventional gambling is a method of playing gambling directly where players and bookies meet each other to make gambling

transactions, for example playing playing cards, dominoes, dingdong, pinball, jackpots, roulette, to chicken joints. Online gambling is a method of playing gambling that uses internet facilities as a medium, for example slot gambling, poker, bingo. Although gambling is prohibited, the course of gambling law enforcement in Indonesia had recorded that there was 1 (one) region in Indonesia that legalized gambling, namely Jakarta. Around 1966 to 1977, during the leadership of Governor Ali Sadikin, several casinos had operated in Jakarta, including casinos in Petak Sembilan, Hailai Casino, and Copacabana Casino. The development of Jakarta at that time was even funded from gambling taxes due to the lack of the Jakarta Regional Budget (APBD). Some gambling games that were once popular in Indonesia include the tail lottery, nalo (national lottery), Social Donation with Prize (SSB), and Generous Social Donation with Prize (SDSB). But with the end of Governor Ali Sadikin's term in Jakarta, the casinos were closed.[1] The closure of these casinos does not mean that gambling practices in the country disappear. Gambling has become a means for a group of people to make a profit.[2] The practice of gambling in the country remains, but it is carried out clandestinely.

The emergence of online gambling departs from human adaptation to technological developments which further has an impact on increasing human activity on social media. Based on data in January 2023, it shows that the number of active social media users in Indonesia is 167 million people. This number decreased by 12.57% compared to the previous year, which was 191 million people. The decline is the first in a decade.[3] Seeing the rampant community activity on social media, bookies then use the digital space as a marketing medium and media to play gambling. Bookies even dare to advertise their products in cyberspace with the aim of disseminating online gambling sites to their enthusiasts. Unmitigated, they have now recruited, paid public figures both celebrities, celebrities, people who are considered to have many followers on social media (influencers). Influencers are individuals who have influence because they have a large audience on social media or within a particular community. Influencers are considered to have the ability to influence the opinions, decisions, or behavior of others. Business people will usually use influencers to promote certain products or services to consumers. The use of influencers as a means to help market a product has now become a preferred

[1] https://katanetizen.kompas.com/read/2022/10/23/095504385/kisah-jakarta-yang-pernah-memiliki-tempat-judi-alias-kasino?page=all
[2] Mustofa Muhammad, *Criminology*, Jakarta, Hukum UI Press, 2007, P. 5.
[3] https://dataindonesia.id/internet/detail/pengguna-media-sosial-di-indonesia-sebanyak-167-juta-pada-2023

choice by many companies. The role of influencers ranging from being brand ambassadors, paid promoters, to endorsements is so widely found in social media.[4] Endorsement is a form of cooperation that is popular today, where both parties work together to get mutual benefits. In online gambling, cooperation between bookies and influencers is to use social media (online). Influencers with a high number of followers certainly already have the provision of a base to smooth and increase the promotion of products or services offered. As a result, more and more people fall into online gambling and these public figures are now stumbling into legal problems because they are considered to have promoted online gambling. When giving testimony, these public figures generally postulate they did not know that they had been snubbed by the bookies. They postulate it is an online game, even though between online gambling and online games are 2 (two) different things.

2. Research Method

The research method used in this writing is a normative legal research method or literature law research, which is legal research conducted by examining library materials, both sourced from primary and secondary data. This research will use the nature of qualitative analysis intended to test and analyze the quality of legal norms and compare them with other laws that still have a relationship, or test these norms with higher legal products (Basic Law). The approach used is a legal approach (statue approach) and a conceptual approach (conceptual approach). It is expected that from the results of the analysis can be found an appropriate legal concept so that it can be used as a tool in solving problems.

3. Results and Discussion

Gambling is a Criminal Act

Although many people consider gambling as a game and not a serious crime, the provisions of Indonesian law stipulate that gambling is one of the criminal acts. This is evident in Article 303 of the Criminal Code (KUHP). The provisions of Article 303 paragraph (1) of the Criminal Code state as follows:

> "Shall be punished with imprisonment for not more than ten years or a fine of not more than twenty-five million rupiah, whoever without obtaining permission:

[4] Adhimurti Citra Amalia, https://binus.ac.id/malang/2019/01/influencer-sebagai-content-creator/

1) Demand livelihood by deliberately holding or giving opportunities to play gambling or deliberately interfering in gambling establishments;
2) knowingly procure or provide an opportunity to play gambling to the public, or knowingly participate in the company for it, whether or not there is an agreement or any means to use the opportunity;
3) Playing gambling for a living.[5]

Furthermore, Article 303 bis paragraph (1) of the Criminal Code governs:

"Threatened with a maximum prison sentence of 4 years or a maximum fine of ten million rupiah:

1) whoever uses the opportunity to play gambling, which is held in violation of the rules of Article 303;
2) Whoever participates in gambling on a public street or near a public road or in a place accessible to the public, unless to do so, shall have permission from the competent authority".[6]

As for what is meant by gambling is a game that bases the hope of winning, generally depends on luck alone, or contains bets on a value. Kartini Kartono defines gambling as "Betting deliberately, i.e. risking one value or something that is considered valuable, by realizing the risks and certain expectations in the events of games, matches, races and events that are uncertain of the outcome.[7] Thus, the parties involved in the criminal act of gambling are:

1) Those who hold or give the opportunity to play gambling and make it a livelihood, such as bookies either individuals or legal entities;
2) Those who give the opportunity for gambling to take place;
3) Gambling players.

For those who are included in groups 1 and 2 above, the provisions of Article 303 of the Criminal Code apply, while for gambling players the provisions of Article 303 bis apply.

Meanwhile, if the gambling game is carried out online, the provisions of Article 27 paragraph (2) Jo. Article 45 paragraph (2) of Law Number 19 of 2016 concerning Electronic Information and Transactions apply.

"*Any person who intentionally and without rights distributes and/or transmits and/or makes accessible Electronic Information or Documents that have gambling*

[5] R. Soesilo, *The Criminal Code (KUHP) and its Complete Commentaries Article by Article*, Politeia, Bogor, 1996, P. 221-222
[6] Ibid, P. 222
[7] Kartini Kartono, *Social Pathology*, Rajawali, Jakarta, 2006, Volume 1, P. 58

content shall be sentenced to imprisonment for a maximum of 6 years and/or a maximum fine of Rp1 billion".

Some people may be able to quibble about their incomprehension of the difference between online gambling and online games, but that is not a forgiving reason. Ignorance of the law is not excuse (*ignorantia juris non excusat).* Between online gambling and online gaming are two very different things and everyone cannot escape the trap of the law using only his ignorance factor. Everyone is presumed to know the law. Everyone should also apply the principle of prudence in accepting job offers. This is what should also be understood by public figures who receive online gambling endorsements.

Indonesia Gambling Emergency

In the community of countries in ASEAN, only Indonesia and Brunei Darussalam still declare online gambling as illegal, while Malaysia, Singapore, Cambodia, the Philippines, Thailand declare online gambling legal.[8] This does not mean Indonesia must follow these countries and legalize gambling because each country has the sovereignty to form its own laws in accordance with the noble values it adheres to.

Currently, Indonesia is in a gambling emergency, especially online gambling. Online gambling is more interesting than conventional gambling because of the transformation of the form from conventional to modern gambling (online) where gamblers are more facilitated, namely no longer need to meet with their gambling colleagues or secretly carry out gambling somewhere that has been determined, but only by sitting relaxed in front of a computer or smartphone connected to the internet and making a deposit by transferring via an ATM machine (Automated Teller Machine) or internet banking.[9] As a result of the rise of online gambling, the Government through the Ministry of Communication and Information (Kominfo) takes serious handling of online gambling content. Director General of Information Applications of Kominfo, Semuel Abrijani Pangerapan said that the handling was carried out by cutting off access to sites that were considered to contain gambling or known as take down. In addition to handling gambling content, the government also carried out a series of arrest measures, blocking bank accounts allegedly used in online gambling activities. One of them is the arrest of 11 online gambling suspects in Denpasar, Bali. Even until mid-2023, the police have handled 77 cases with 130

[8] https://www.cnbcindonesia.com/tech/20230724113126-37-456712/menkominfo-budi-arie-bilang-judi-online-cuma-dilarang-di-ri

[9] http://e-journal.uajy.ac.id/16781/3/HK106632.pdf

suspects of online gambling.[10] Furthermore, from 2018 to September 6, 2023, Kominfo has also cut off access to online gambling sites / take down 938,106 online gambling content. As of September 17, 2023, the government has blocked 1,450 accounts and 1005 e-wallets".[11] The disclosure of online gambling cases is increasingly rife since the Government declared Indonesia an online gambling emergency, even intending within 1 (one) week to eradicate online gambling.

There are several reasons people like to play gambling, namely:

1. Social and Economic Factors
   Consumptive lifestyle, while mediocre income. Lazy to work, but want to easily earn money;
2. Psychological factors
   Weak in control/self-control. Unable to control curiosity and want to try, always feel challenged because they consider proficient, have the ability with a perception of the probability of winning that is actually wrong (gambling is a game loser);
3. Cultural Factors
   The assumption that gambling is more of a game of chance (betting), not a serious / dangerous crime. A group of people even enjoy gambling games and / or profits from these gambling games when players manage to win.

Greenson in Bawengan said there are 3 (three) types of gambler behavior, namely:

1. As a normal person, that is, gambling is considered entertainment or a fad and is able to stop it if the individual wants it;
2. As professional gamblers, namely gambling as a livelihood;
3. As a neurotic gambler, that is, doing gambling because of his unconscious impulses and it is difficult to stop it. This type is included in habitual crime, which is a crime that is carried out repeatedly without thinking about the impact. This is where there is a phase called addiction.[12]

Mark Griffiths, a psychologist at Nottingham Trent University who specialises in behavioural addiction, said gamblers have a lot of motivation for their habit. People gamble not only because of the prospect of winning for a lot of money

[10] https://www.cnbcindonesia.com/tech/20230908160255-37-470807/judi-online-menjamur-polri-tangkap-130-tersangka-di-2023
[11] https://www.cnbcindonesia.com/tech/20230907105112-37-470268/ri-darurat-judi-online-176-rekening-938106-konten-diblokir
[12] Jati Permana and Sri Maryati Deliana / Intuition Scientific Journal of Psychology, pp. 80-81, file:///C:/Users/ASUS/Downloads/13316-31006-1-SM.pdf

which is always the strongest factor, but because gambling is considered fun, exciting, and entertainment (buying entertainment).[13]

According to the results of research conducted by Sahat M. Hasibuan, perpetrators of online gambling crimes consist of various groups, both young and old, entrepreneurs, workers, unemployed, men and women, who live in cities and villages. Online gamblers are dominated by the lower middle class, where they want to get rich quickly but do not want to work (lazily) at work.[14]

Law Enforcement against Gambling Crimes in Indonesia

Initially, gambling was a form of social problem.[15] Social problems are a form of violation or deviation from the norms and values prevailing in society (social pathology).[16] The social problems that arise as a result of gambling are:

1. Economic stability is disturbed due to decreased labor performance and productivity, unemployment;
2. The harmony of family relationships is disturbed, usually the divorce rate increases;
3. The dropout rate is rising.

However, these social problems then develop into legal problems, such as increasing crime rates in society such as theft, robbery, murder and other acts of violence. Therefore, the law classifies gambling as a crime.

Indonesia still applies criminal policies against gambling crimes. This means that anyone who plays gambling and who is the organizer of gambling then they are criminal offenders. This is different from other countries such as Malaysia. Malaysia has a famous gambling location, namely Genting Highlands. Malaysian legal policy stipulates that gambling is prohibited for Malaysian citizens who are Muslim, but this provision does not apply to those who are non-Muslim as well as foreign nationals. These casinos are a huge tax contributor to the state.

The implementation of criminal policies against gambling crimes in Indonesia needs comprehensive regulation with proper law enforcement. The theory of crime reduction as expressed by Hoefnagels says that crime reduction efforts can be taken in the following ways:

a. Criminal application;
b. Preventive without punisment;

[13] https://www.bbc.com/indonesia/vert_fut/2016/08/160817_vert_fut_judi
[14] http://e-journal.uajy.ac.id/16781/3/HK106632.pdf
[15] Other social problems are prostitution and drug abuse.
[16] Kartini Kartono, *Social Psychology, Juvenile Delinquency*, Rajawali, Jakarta, 2014, P. 14

c. Influencing views of society in crime and punisment. [17]

So far, Indonesia's criminal policy against gambling has been carried out with eradication and penal measures. According to the author, this effort is not effective because gambling is a social disease, eradicating social ills is not enough just to implement criminal policies with the concept of repressive law enforcement. In addition, the implementation of criminal policies to gamblers so far has also seemed selective, an example of one of the suspected Las Vegas-style casino gambling arenas with fantastic turnover in Medan Country untouched by the law, even now it is running safely and smoothly. This made the community disappointed the North Sumatra Police because it seemed to neglect.[18] Likewise what happened in Tanjung Pinang City Batam. The public reacted disappointedly when the police only arrested the perpetrators of the Sie Jie gambling players, not the managers. The community considers that the police have been selective in eradicating gambling in Tanjung Pinang City. It is even reported that there are suspected gambling locations, namely kim and rolex gambling located in the Bintan Center Food Court, which is right in front of the East Tanjung Pinang Police Office, but ironically it is not touched by the law.[19] With regard to public figures who allegedly participated in promoting online gambling was also in the spotlight. As is known from media reports, there are several names of Indonesian public figures who are allegedly involved with online gambling, such as Wulan Guritno, Yuki Kato, to Cupi Cupita. Indonesian legal provisions as stipulated in Article 27 paragraph (2) Juncto Article 45 paragraph (2) of the Electronic Information and Transaction Law state a criminal threat of 6 years in prison and a fine of around Rp 1 billion for the perpetrators. Disclosures involving public figures are considered only downstream of the flow of gambling cases and hope that the upstream can also be revealed. Not only to who is endorsed, but who endorses so as not to seem to get protection.[20]

Law enforcement like this can certainly bring pessimistic attitudes from the public related to the government's determination to eradicate gambling. Plus the condition where online gambling managers always quickly change IP addresses or domains to avoid tracking. So far, the government has indeed narrowed the space for perpetrators through blocking, but it is doubtful of its

[17] Arif Gosita, *The Problem of Crime Victims*, Jakarta: Akademika Pressindo, 1983, P. 2.
[18] https://www.utamanews.com/hukum-keamanan/Judi-Ala---039-Las-Vegas--039--di-Medan-Country-Tak-Tersentuh-Hukum
[19] https://m.batamtoday.com/berita109388-Polisi-Dinilai-Tebang-Pilih-dalam-Pemberantasan-Judi-di-Tanjungpinang.html
[20] https://www.cnnindonesia.com/nasional/20231002183839-12-1006282/isess-kritik-polri-tebang-pilih-tindak-artis-kasus-promo-judi-online

ability to completely eliminate gambling from Indonesia. Today gambling site A is closed, but in just minutes or seconds a new site will appear. On the other hand, the time, energy and cost to carry out law enforcement efforts and eradicate gambling, especially online gambling, are quite large. Even the government in this case the Ministry of Communication and Information needs to prepare a large budget to create, pay for more sophisticated servers to be able to track, automatically block all IP addresses or domains of bookies. Apart from the obstacles already mentioned, it does not rule out the possibility of law enforcement elements or state officials involved as backers of bookies.

Therefore, law enforcement efforts against gambling crimes need to be formulated carefully. Indonesia needs to make a legal transformation of gambling rules. Legal transformation is an effort to change (add, eliminate), reorganize legal rules regarding gambling in Indonesia in accordance with the expression of values that live in society to achieve the goals aspired to. To be able to carry out legal transformation, it is necessary to understand penal policy. Sudarto defines penal policy as criminal law policy or criminal law politics. This understanding of policy or legal politics can be seen from the side of legal politics and criminal law politics. Legal politics is defined as state policy through authorized bodies to establish desired regulations that are expected to be used to express what values exist in society and to achieve what is aspired to. The politics of criminal law is a rational effort of society in order to overcome crime. Marc Ancel called it the rational organization of the control of crime by society.[21]

In carrying out this legal transformation, it should be guided by the following:

a. Efforts to reform the law must be part of a policy (rational effort) to update the legal substance in order to more effectively enforce the law;
b. Efforts to reform the law must be part of a policy (rational effort) to eradicate/overcome criminal acts in the context of community protection;
c. Efforts to reform the law must be part of policies (rational efforts) to address social problems and humanitarian problems in order to achieve / support national goals (i.e. social defense or social welfare);
d. Efforts to reform the law must be an effort to review and reassess (reorient and reevaluate) the main thoughts, basic ideas or socio-philosophical,

[21] Barda Nawawi Arief, *Potpourri of Criminal Law Policy Development of the Drafting of the New Criminal Code,* Jakarta, Kencana, First Printing, September, 2008, P. 1-23

socio-political, and socio-cultural values that underlie criminal policy and criminal law policy (enforcement) so far.[22]

The transformation of the rule of law of gambling is not only about trying to establish what is already in force (vast leggen van wat is), but rather about trying to determine what should or should happen (vast leggen wat hoort te zijn).[23]

The state's efforts in forming laws should be viewed as the efforts of the state as a social institution in carrying out its duties (regulating), not solely to form regulations. How the social institution performs its role for and in society then that is the extent of people's interest and need for the institution.[24] Sunaryati Hartono said that law is not an end, but only a bridge that will lead us to the idea to which we aspire. Thus, it is wrong if a rule prohibiting gambling is used as the main goal / answer to a legal and social problem regarding gambling and the effects caused as a result of gambling. Legal rules that prohibit gambling should be understood as rules to regulate order, rules to achieve aspired basic ideas that provide understanding (education) to all levels of society including gambling players to stay away or stop gambling. Similar to drug users and addicts, gambling players are the target or target of bookmakers, people who benefit from illegal business.

Stopping these illegal business people is not easy because they are usually protected by unscrupulous law enforcement officials, or even if they are caught, they will try to bribe law enforcement officials. They also have a myriad of skills to escape from the law, circumvent the law in order to still be able to lure their targets.

So far, the legal sanctions imposed on gambling players are a maximum prison sentence of 4 years and the seizure of money from playing gambling, while the legal sanctions against bookies are a maximum prison sentence of 10 years and a maximum fine of one billion. Criminal sanctions against bookies are of course not implemented properly in law enforcement practices as stipulated in the law. From the aspect of comparison between the number of gambling players caught with the bookies caught is also not balanced. Of course, more gambling players were arrested. The question is, is it that in determining the classification of an act included in the gambling category, the size of the bet value is also taken into consideration? It turns out that so far the size of the bet value has not been taken into consideration. Large and small fixed bet values are

[22] Barda Nawawi Arief, *Criminal Law Reform in Comparative Study Perspective*, Bandung, PT Citra Aditya Bakti, 2005, P. 3

[23] Barda Nawawi Arief, *Legislative Policy in Combating Crime with Imprisonment*, Genta Publishing, 2010, P. 2-3

[24] Satjipto Rahardjo, *Legal Studies*, Bandung, PT Citra Aditya Bakti, 2012, P. 117.

included in the classification of gambling acts. Is it that after these caught gamblers have finished serving their sentences they will not gamble again? If people are already fond of gambling, it is difficult for him to stop the habit, unless he has absolutely no money and opportunities to play gambling. In prison, many recidivists are found for gambling. Have the targets of the laws governing gambling been achieved? The answer, of course, is no. Are the goals of punishment and the purpose of proclamation also achieved? The answer is also of course no. There are several factors that affect law enforcement against gambling, namely:

a. Statutory factors.
   This factor operationally has a strategic position in the criminal justice system. Statutory factors can provide a definition of what acts are formulated as criminal acts.
b. Law enforcement factors
   The success of the criminal law mission to tackle the criminal act of online gambling is not only determined by the perfection of legal postulates formulated in positive law. But more than that, its success depends largely on the officials who carry it out (law enforcement) from the level of investigation to the level of execution. Law enforcement officials must have more ability in conducting investigations, proving well at examinations
   preliminary as well as in judicial proceedings. Knowledge and
   Broad insight into material offenses and legal events as well as high discipline and dedication in carrying out his conviction.
c. Factors of supporting infrastructure facilities and infrastructure
   This factor is said to be the backbone of law enforcement against online gambling crimes. Because its existence is a crutch
   success in discovering a material truth. Because of the haromical cooperation between law enforcement agencies and several experts and specialists in their fields such as forensic experts, telematics experts, and adequate operational funds are supporting factors to prosecute and convict or narrow the space for online gambling criminals.
d. Factors of the legal culture of society
   This factor has an important influence in the law enforcement process against gambling crimes. The pluralism of legal culture in society is a unique phenomenon and contains potential risks, so it often puts the position and profession of law enforcement officials into a dilemmatic condition, which in turn can lead to ambivalence in carrying out their

actual roles. Community compliance with the law, social indiscipline, disregard for social ethics, ease of community members tempted by a form of gambling that offers benefits beyond the norm and so on are a series of examples of forms of legal culture that are prone and potential for gambling crimes.[25]

Reading from the four factors mentioned above, according to the author, the third and fourth factors are factors that are quite difficult to meet. The factor of supporting infrastructure facilities and infrastructure is difficult to meet because the operational funds that must be provided by the state are certainly very large while the results must continue to catch up with the expertise of bookies. Likewise, with the legal culture factor of society, legal cultural pluralism seems to make the state without territorial boundaries. This sooner or later has the potential to override ethical and moral values.

Based on the author's explanation above, the author argues that it is time for the state, in this case, the authorities to make and formulate new legal rules, transform the provisions of the criminal law that have been in force so far that regulate gambling. This legal transformation does not mean the state is decriminalizing gambling. The government only localizes gambling areas. Gambling remains a criminal offense. However, if the gambling is carried out in certain places that have been regulated by the government (localization), then the act is not punished. Bookies and gamblers will be punished if they gamble outside the localization area. With this legal transformation, the government can more easily supervise gambling practices. The government can provide strict regulations for the implementation of this such as determining the location and distance from residential areas, schools, places of worship and public facilities, who can come and play gambling, operating hours and so on. The government can also apply high tax rates to gambling venue managers and this brings foreign exchange and can be useful in the development of the country. Although the state provides localization policies towards gambling, the government together with the community must still provide education that gambling is a criminal act, gambling is a game loser, acts that are contrary to religious, moral and decency teachings in society, have the potential to bring harm to players both materril and immaterially, useless deeds and can damage the future.

[25] Enik Isnaini, *Normative Juridical Review of Online Gambling According to Positive Law in Indonesia*, Independent Journal Vol 5 No. 1, File:///C:/Users/ASUS/Downloads/61-117-1-SM.pdf

4. Conclusion

Law enforcement practices in Indonesia against gambling crimes apply criminal policies with a repressive model. Enforcement of this law is ineffective in reducing the number of gambling in Indonesia, less useful and selective logging;

Comprehensive law enforcement for gambling crimes is to transform the criminal law rules governing gambling, namely by localizing gambling venues with strict rules and supervision by the state. This legal transformation is not intended to make gambling a legal act. Although the state localizes gambling, the government together with the community must still provide education that gambling remains a criminal act and has a bad / detrimental influence.

5. Acknowledgement

The author would like to thank LPPM UPH, Faculty of Law UPH, Indonesia, and all parties who have assisted during this paper's writing.

References

Adhimurti Citra Amalia, https://binus.ac.id/malang/2019/01/influencer-sebagai-content-creator/

Arif Gosita, The Problem of Crime Victims, Jakarta: Akademika Pressindo, 1983

Barda Nawawi Arief, Potpourri of Criminal Law Policy Development of the Drafting of the New Criminal Code, Jakarta: Kencana, First Printing, September, 2008

--------, Criminal Law Reform in the Perspective of Comparative Studies, Bandung, PT Citra Aditya Bakti, 2005

--------, Legislative Policy in Combating Crime with Imprisonment, Genta Publishing, 2010

Enik Isnaini, Normative Juridical Review of Online Gambling According to Positive Law in Indonesia, Independent Journal Vol 5 No. 1, File:///C:/Users/ASUS/Downloads/61-117-1-SM.pdf

Jati Permana and Sri Maryati Deliana / Intuition Scientific Journal of Psychology, pp. 80-81, file:///C:/Users/ASUS/Downloads/13316-31006-1-SM.pdf

Kartini Kartono, Social Pathology, Rajawali, Jakarta, Volume 1, 2006

---------, Social Psychology, Juvenile Delinquency, Rajawali, Jakarta, 2014

Criminal Code (KUHP)

Mustofa Muhammad, Criminology, Jakarta: Law UI Press, 2007

R. Soesilo, The Criminal Code (KUHP) and its Complete Commentaries Article by Article, Politeia, Bogor, 1996

Satjipto Rahardjo, Legal Studies (Bandung: PT Citra Aditya Bakti, 2012), p. 117.

Law Number 19 of 2016 concerning Electronic Information and Transactions.

http://e-journal.uajy.ac.id/16781/3/HK106632.pdf

https://katanetizen.kompas.com/read/2022/10/23/095504385/kisah-jakarta-yang-pernah-memiliki-tempat-judi-alias-kasino?page=all
https://dataindonesia.id/internet/detail/pengguna-media-sosial-di-indonesia-sebanyak-167-juta-pada-2023
https://www.cnbcindonesia.com/tech/20230724113126-37-456712/menkominfo-budi-arie-bilang-judi-online-cuma-dilarang-di-ri
https://www.cnbcindonesia.com/tech/20230908160255-37-470807/judi-online-menjamur-polri-tangkap-130-tersangka-di-2023
https://www.cnbcindonesia.com/tech/20230907105112-37-470268/ri-darurat-judi-online-176-rekening-938106-konten-diblokir
https://www.bbc.com/indonesia/vert_fut/2016/08/160817_vert_fut_judi
https://www.utamanews.com/hukum-keamanan/Judi-Ala---039-Las-Vegas--039--di-Medan-Country-Tak-Tersentuh-Hukum
https://m.batamtoday.com/berita109388-Polisi-Dinilai-Tebang-Pilih-dalam-Pemberantasan-Judi-di-Tanjungpinang,html
https://www.cnnindonesia.com/nasional/20231002183839-12-1006282/isess-kritik-polri-tebang-pilih-tindak-artis-kasus-promo-judi-online